# Agenda Item 101.

TITLE Capital Programme and Strategy 2022-2025

FOR CONSIDERATION BY The Executive on Thursday, 17 February 2022

WARD None Specific;

**LEAD OFFICER** Deputy Chief Executive - Graham Ebers

**LEAD MEMBER** Executive Member for Finance and Housing - John

Kaiser

# PURPOSE OF REPORT (INC STRATEGIC OUTCOMES)

The capital programme and strategy 2022 – 2025 sets out the capital investment for the benefit of the community and how this is funded.

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

The Executive is asked to note and recommend to Council the following:

- 1) the Capital Strategy for 2022 2025 Appendix A;
- 2) the three-year capital programme for 2022 2025 Appendix B;
- 3) the draft vision for capital investment over the next five years Appendix C;
- 4) the use of developer contribution funding (s106 and CIL) for capital projects as set out in Appendix D. Approval is sought up to the project budget.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The Chartered Institute of Public Finance & Accountancy (CIPFA) 2018 Prudential Code sets out the requirements in relation to the setting of a Capital Strategy within Local Authorities. The key objectives of the Code are to ensure, within a clear framework, that local authorities' capital investment plans are affordable, prudent, and sustainable.

Under the prudential system, individual local authorities are responsible for deciding the level of their affordable borrowing, having regard to CIPFA's Prudential Code, which has been given legislative backing. Prudential limits apply to all borrowing, qualifying credit arrangements and other long-term liabilities – whether supported by government or entirely self-financed. The system is designed to encourage authorities that need and can afford to undertake capital investment to do so within a robust framework.

Using the guidance from the Prudential Code, every year the Council produce a **Treasury Management Strategy** and a **Capital Strategy**. Both strategies are closely linked and also support the Medium Term Financial Plan. The Treasury Management Strategy is considered in a separate report.

The Capital Strategy for the three financial years from 2022 – 2025 is intended to provide a high-level overview of how capital expenditure, capital financing and treasury

management contribute to the provision of services along with an overview of how associated risk is managed and the implications for future financial sustainability.

The Capital Strategy is set out in Appendix A.

This shows investment of c£265m over the next three years across (excluding carry forwards):

- Housing, Local Economy and Regeneration c£99m
- Roads and Transport c£63m
- Children Services and Schools c£31m
- Climate Emergency c£30m
- Internal Services c£20m
- Environment c£13m
- Adult Social Care c£9m

#### **BACKGROUND**

# **Key aims of the Capital Strategy (Appendix A)**

The key aims of the capital strategy are to:

- Provide a clear context within which proposals for capital expenditure are evaluated to ensure all capital investment is targeted to deliver the Council's priorities.
- Give clarity about how the Council identifies and prioritises capital requirements and proposals arising from various strategies, and how they will be managed within the limited capital resources available.
- Identify and consider options available to fund capital expenditure that minimises the ongoing revenue implications of historic capital expenditure and of any new investments.
- Establish effective arrangements for managing capital schemes including assessment of outcomes and achievement of value for money.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

Wokingham Borough Council has an ambitious capital programme which builds upon recent years of historic capital investment in the borough including regeneration of Wokingham town, new strategic roads, schools, and leisure facilities. The Council will continue to provide services and assets for residents to enjoy and to meet there needs.

The Capital Strategy is fundamental to the effective delivery of these key activities. The table below shows the planned capital expenditure for the next three years across the key activities. Note, these figures exclude any carry forwards from the current financial year.

	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	2024/25 £'000	Total £'000
Housing, Local Economy and Regeneration Delivering sustainability, a strong, robust and successful economy that stimulates opportunities for all who work and live in	39,939	43,619	15,285	98,843
Roads and Transport Continuous investment in highways infrastructure to meet the needs of current and future users of the network	46,013	9,735	6,916	62,664
Children Services and Schools Dedicated in providing services and schools which ensure all children have the opportunity to achieve their goals potential	4,243	11,116	15,930	31,289
Climate Emergency Commitment to reduce carbon emissions and working towards becoming a carbon neutral Council	16,672	7,763	5,826	30,261
Internal Services Investment in Council assets and technology to continue to support all Council services and priorities	10,104	6,113	3,640	19,857

Environment Investment and enhancement of facilities across the borough benefiting communities and resident's wellbeing	5,222	1,283	6,100	12,605
Adult Social Care An effective, high-quality care and support service to providing a better quality of life for residents	1,959	6,320	781	9,060
Total Capital Programme 2022/23 to 2024/25	124,152	85,949	54,478	264,579

A full breakdown of the areas above by individual scheme can be found in **Appendix B** 

The draft vision for capital investment over the next five years can be found in **Appendix C.** 

# <u>Capital Resources (Funding of Capital Expenditure)</u>

Like most Local Authorities, the Council has limited capital resources available, and these are allocated to each scheme to ensure best value for money by maximising the use of grants, developer funding and capital receipts in order to minimise the need for revenue contributions and borrowing. Although borrowing does make a large portion of the capital resources, this has been calculated on a prudent, sustainable, and affordable basis. Each individual scheme is evaluated before being added to the capital programme.

The table below shows the estimated capital resources required to fund the three-year capital programme from April 2022 to March 2025.

	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Supported borrowing	(64.0)	(40.2)	(17.1)	(121.3)
Developer contributions (S106 / CIL)	(27.6)	(4.9)	(12.3)	(44.8)
Capital grants	(18.7)	(10.7)	(7.5)	(36.9)
Other contributions	(6.4)	(6.9)	(5.5)	(18.8)
Capital receipts	(0.1)	(6.8)	(7.5)	(14.4)
General fund borrowing	(7.3)	(2.2)	(4.6)	(14.1)
Total	(124.1)	(71.7)	(54.5)	(250.3)

The capital programme currently has a budget shortfall of c£14m over three years which includes a fully funded year 1 programme. This shortfall over three years will be balanced through a combination of reducing or reprofiling capital expenditure and maximising capital funding opportunities such as bidding for capital grants.

#### **Developer Contributions**

With regards to developer contributions funding. The Councils Finance Regulations require allocation of this funding to be approved. As set out in **Appendix D**, approval is sought up to the project budget for the capital scheme to allow flexibility if more funding becomes available during the year and can reduce borrowing costs. The Executive are

asked to approve and recommend that Council approve the use of developer contribution funding (s106 and CIL) for capital projects as set out in Appendix D.

The capital programme drives the Treasury Management Strategy (see separate Executive and Council paper for the 17 February 2022), in terms of identifying and undertaking necessary borrowing. The graph below shows the estimated debt and debt repayment profile for the borrowing used to support the capital programme.

#### Supported Borrowing

A significant part of the Council's capital programme is either self-financing or makes a surplus where the income generated is greater than the cost of financing and therefore is available to fund other council services. These are referred to as "supported borrowing" in the table above.

Supported borrowing activities can be broken down as follows:

#### Investment in Wokingham Borough

- Regeneration. There is an ambitious programme of regeneration with the town
  centres of the borough. With the Council's low cost of capital and return on
  investment requirement compared to the private sector this allows the Council to
  take on and complete projects for the benefit of the local community that would
  otherwise not be delivered by the private sector.
- <u>Economic Development.</u> Likewise, the Council is able to use its resources to secure properties within town centres to ensure continued delivery of services to the community, whilst encouraging local businesses with security of tenure.
- <u>Enabling infrastructure</u>. The Council has always been positively proactive in delivering infrastructure in advance of developments.
- <u>Local Employment Protection.</u> The Council will invest to ensure local employers remain in premises and not lose economic business sites to alternative development.
- <u>Housing.</u> The Council has an ambitious affordable and social housing plan for the borough, delivered through its wholly owned subsidiary companies.

#### Invest to Save

The Council is also investing in activities which not only cover the financing costs and debt repayment for the scheme but make income each year to contribute to the costs of running the Council, reducing the burden on the local taxpayer whilst maintaining services. These are referred to as 'invest to save' funded projects, and examples are listed below:

Leisure and sport facilities

- Energy reduction / efficiency
- Social care placements provision

## Repayment of Borrowing

As highlighted previously, the Council continue to invest significant amounts into the capital programme generating assets such as roads, schools, housing, regeneration properties and many more. The graph below sets out the expected repayment of this debt aswell as the asset value generated.

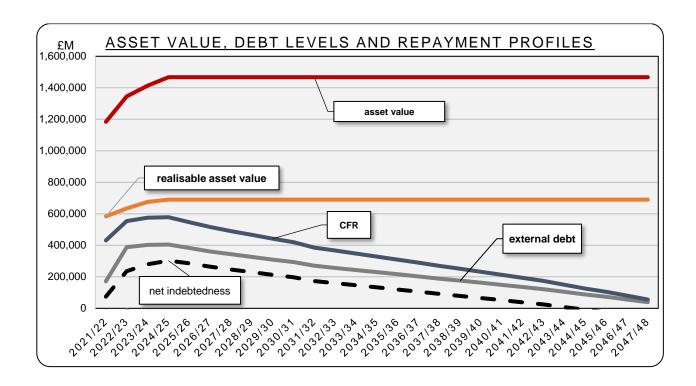
The graph includes four key lines in reference to debt:

- Capital financing requirement (CFR) a technical calculation of historic capital expenditure less that already paid for, required to arrive at the annual level of debt repayment.
- External debt this is the actual amount borrowed with third parties. The difference between CFR and external debt is referred to as internal borrowing.
- Net indebtedness this is external debt less treasury (i.e. liquid) investment balances. It is important that these are considered together as treasury investments could be used to repay external debt.
- Realisable asset value this is the potential income that could be raised through the sale of assets. The values are based on the asset values line excluding highways, education, housing revenue account assets and other assets such as IT infrastructure and equipment.

The Council are expecting debt to rise over the next three years in line with the capital programme. A majority of this additional debt is supported borrowing where direct repayment streams have been identified, for example, developer contributions. In addition, debt is expected to reduce over time as income is generated from these projects and cost savings are realised.

CFR and external debt will reduce as borrowings are repaid through income and will reach a point in time when debt is fully repaid, and the ongoing income will be transferred to benefit the general fund.

The graph is based on general fund only and excludes HRA as this is ringfenced. The original CFR levels before commercialisation, forward funding and regeneration projects were approximately £100m.



The asset values used in the graph above are calculated using the total asset value from the Council's balance sheet, and an estimate of capital expenditure over the next three years. This methodology reflects all asset values that either have been or will be funded from an element of borrowing. A prudent approach to asset value has been taken with no capital appreciation estimated however over a long period of time it wouldn't be unreasonable to see asset values increase.

#### FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS OF THE RECOMMENDATION

The Council faces severe funding pressures, particularly in the face of the COVID-19 crisis. It is therefore imperative that Council resources are focused on the vulnerable and on its highest priorities.

	How much will it Cost/ (Save)	Is there sufficient funding – if not quantify the Shortfall	Revenue or Capital?
Current Financial Year (Year 1)	£124m	Yes	Capital
Next Financial Year (Year 2)	£86m	No	Capital
Following Financial Year (Year 3)	£54m	No	Capital

#### **Other Financial Information**

The capital programme currently has a budget shortfall in year 2 totalling c£14m. This will be balanced through a combination of reducing or reprofiling capital expenditure and maximising capital funding opportunities such as bidding for capital grants.

The year 1 budget of £124m does not include any carry forwards from the 2021/22 capital programme. These are approved by Executive as part of the Capital monitoring outturn reports.

Please see the attached appendices for full details of the capital strategy.

# Stakeholder Considerations and Consultation N/A

#### **Public Sector Equality Duty**

The specific projects and programmes of work will be assessed individually prior to implementation.

Climate Emergency – This Council has declared a climate emergency and is committed to playing as full a role as possible – leading by example as well as by exhortation – in achieving a carbon neutral Wokingham Borough by 2030

As highlighted in the Capital Strategy and appendices, the Council continues to invest in Climate Emergency across a range of capital schemes.

#### **List of Background Papers**

Appendix A - WBC capital strategy

Appendix B - WBC capital programme detail

Appendix C - WBC five-year capital vision

Appendix D - WBC Capital Programme to be part/fully funded by developer contributions.

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